Royal Canadian Sea Cadet Corps Centurion Team work/Leadership



Teamwork / Leadership

Positive Social Relations for Youth

Harassment and abuse is not tolerated or accepted in our program. As a Sea Cadet you have rights and responsibilities with regard to harassment and abuse, and to work to prevent problems through conflict resolution. This is outlined in the Positive Social Relations for Youth (PSRY) program. Part of being a Sea Cadet involves taking part in this training and knowing what your rights and responsibilities are.

There are officers at your Corps and Sea Cadet Summer Training Centre that are specially trained to help answer your questions or assist you with difficult situations. These are called Unit Cadet Conflict Management Advisors (UCCMA).

RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF CADETS

As a cadet I have the right to:

- · be treated fairly and with respect
- belong
- · feel safe
- be included
- learn
- seek help
- be heard
- · make decisions
- be protected from emotional, physical and sexual abuse and all forms of

harassment

- · use the law
- say "No" to unwelcome behavior

As a cadet I have the responsibility to:

- treat others with respect
- not exclude anyone
- help protect others
- respect personal boundaries; honor "No's"
- tell the truth
- listen
- · not dominate others
- · not misuse my power
- · control my anger
- not harass anyone
- not abuse anyone
- get help if I need it

RIGHTS RESPONSIBILITIES KIDS HELP LINE 1-800-668-6868 DND CF HARASSMENT HELP LINE 1-800-290-1019

PARTICIPATE AS A MEMBER OF A TEAM

RESPECT THE LEADER AND OTHER TEAM MEMBERS

The ability to work with other people in a team is a useful skill. A sincere respect for other people is a great asset. In order to be an effective team member one must respect what the leader is asking the team to do. It is also important to respect the opinion and views of the other members of the team.

COOPERATE WITH OTHERS

In order for the team to effectively and efficiently achieve an objective the members must cooperate. Through cooperation a great deal more can be achieved than by working alone.

ADMIT MISTAKES AND LEARN FROM EXPERIENCE

In a team setting one must be able to admit when they are wrong and learn from the mistake. This will make the team stronger and create a better outcome.

ACCEPT CONSTRUCTIVE CRITICISM

Constructive criticism is observations or thoughts about ways

to improve the manner in which a task was completed. Leaders will often provide constructive criticism to members of the team. This criticism is given to assist individuals develop as team member and eventually become leaders. Members must learn to take this criticism and use it in a beneficial way.

QUESTIONS

- Q1. What is constructive criticism?
- Q2. What does it mean to admit mistakes and learn from experience?
- Q3. Why is it important to respect the leader and other team members?

Five Responsibilities of a Follower in a Team

ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY

Team members should be prepared to assume responsibility when needed. The team leader will often delegate duties to team members and rely on these members to be prepared and willing to take on the responsibility.

BE HONEST

Team members must be honest with others in the team. Most people will believe and want to work with someone they trust. Honesty is an important characteristic of a good follower. In order to complete objectives, team members must trust each other and be honest.

ACCEPT OTHER TEAM MEMBERS FOR WHO THEY ARE

It is important to be sensitive to other people's wants and needs and to changes in these wants and needs. Acceptance and understanding of individual differences will allow the group to communicate and cooperate.

KNOW THE JOB AND BE PREPARED

A good follower needs to be knowledgeable about the group's goals. An effective follower should be organized and prepared.

COMMUNICATE CLEARLY WITH OTHERS

A follower must be able to understand and communicate with the leader and other team members. Communication works in two directions, listening and speaking. The ability to listen to others is essential in receiving correct information and implementing the strategy outlined for the team.

SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem encompasses how people view themselves. This includes, but is not limited to:

- how much individuals like themselves;
- how valuable they feel they are; and
- how comfortable they are with themselves.

SELF-CONFIDENCE

Self-confidence encompasses how individuals portray themselves. It is a major factor that can influence ones ability to perform within specific situations. By having high self- esteem, a strong level of self-confidence can be developed.

GOAL MAPPING

Goal mapping is an activity that allows people to recognize their personal motivations. Setting goals that can be achieved both in the short and long terms are beneficial to both the individual and the team. The more aware people are of others, their habits and desires, the more successful they can be in creating stronger team energy.

- Q1. Why are self-esteem and self-confidence important factors in effective team building and leadership?
- Q2. How can a goal mapping exercise be effective in planning short- and long-term goals?
- Q3. How can goal mapping be a useful tool with respect to effective teams and leadership?

CHARACTERISTICS OF A SUCCESSFUL TEAM

Communication. Clear communication is essential to an effective team. Team members must feel comfortable sharing ideas and concerns with each other and the leader.

Mutual Cooperation and Support. It is hard to be innovative when you are not sure how others will react to your ideas. Team members must be aware that even if people disagree the objection is to the idea, not to the person presenting it. Members of a team must have the right to a certain level of trust that precludes backstabbing, gossip, and negative behaviours aimed solely at making someone look bad.

Share a Common Goal. When a team understands the purpose for a task they have a heightened motivation to work together towards the completion of it.

High Esprit de Corps. When each member of the team has a sense of pride and belonging to the team, it is more likely they will want to be part of the team. This sense of belonging will enable the group to become more cohesive and willing to work together to accomplish the task.

ADVANTAGES OF EFFECTIVE TEAMWORK

Includes Everyone and Ensures a Better Outcome. In a team setting people feel that their contributions are valuable. A strong group performance is generated from strong individual efforts. When many individuals are working together to accomplish a task, different ideas and opinions mesh together to provide a sound outcome.

Tasks Are Easier When More People Are Involved. When the responsibility and workload are shared among the team members and the team works together to ensure everyone stays on track, the team will offer support to those who need it.

Increases and Develops Communication. Teamwork is an opportunity for people to interact in new ways by forming relationships and communicating with new people.

Communication is the key to ensuring members are carrying out their role in accomplishing the task.

COMMUNICATION

Effective communication skills are key to any successful group or team and are an important factor in becoming an effective leader. A leader who can communicate effectively with the team will move the team towards a positive outcome.

Communication works in both directions. When one person is delivering a message, the team members must be listening to ensure they receive the message correctly. Part of becoming a leader is developing good listening skills. Team members should feel comfortable enough to bring forth ideas to the leader and feel that their idea are heard and taken into account.

SELF ESTEEM SCALE

To get a sense of your level of self-esteem, place a check mark on the scale on the activity below which best describes you. For example, if you are more likely to act toward the item on the right, then the x would be placed closer to the right, and vice versa.

Throughout the year, feel free to revisit this scale and use it as a tool to monitor how your self-esteem in different areas may change.

	5	4	3	2	1
Make your own decisions?	-				Let others make them for you?
Look for answers to problems?					Let problems defeat you?
Take risks?	-				Play it safe?
Control your moods and thoughts yourself?	-				Let someone else's bad mood get you down?
Feel exhilarated when you work hard?	-				Feel as if you haven't accomplished anything, when you work hard?
Accept responsibility?	H				Make excuses, find fault, lay blame
Measure yourself against your own standards?	-				Measure yourself against other's standards?
Speak up, set limits, voice your thoughts honestly?	-				Swallow your opinions, your thoughts, your wishes?
Stand straight and look people in the eye?	-		_		Slouch, with downcast eyes, looking sideways at people?
Respond flexibly to changing circumstances?	-				Hold on to what you've always done and thought because it's easy and comfortable.
Feel self-confident and self-assured	1?				Feel shy, nervous, and awkward?